

The Message of Redemption
Ruth 4:1-22; Isaiah 59:16-21; 1 Peter 1:18-21
December 18, 2022

Redemption is a very _____ word and concept in the Scriptures. It indicates the act of setting _____, or the act of liberating. It emphasizes that a purchased price was _____, and that a purchase had been _____. The book of Ruth is one of several _____ in the Old Testament which helps reveal this marvelous truth.

A. The _____ for a Kinsman Redeemer

1. The poverty of an individual made him _____.
 - a. He may have had to sell his property to _____ for his family.
 - b. He may have become _____ to another man (foreigner) so that he sold himself as a _____ to the man.
2. Someone needed to _____ the rights of the impoverished.
 - a. The kinsman redeemer was to _____ back the property and _____ it to the family. (Lev. 25:23ff)
 - b. The kinsman redeemer could pay the purchase _____ of the slave. (Lev. 25:47ff)
3. If an Israelite was murdered, his near relative was to “_____ the blood” by killing the murderer. (Num. 35:12-27; Deut. 19:6)

B. The _____ Required of the Kinsman Redeemer

1. He had to be a _____ kinsman. (Hebrews. 2:14-15)
2. He must be _____ to redeem. (Acts 20:28; 1 Peter 1:18-19; Revelation. 5:9)

3. He must be _____ to redeem. (Luke 22:42; Matthew 16:23; Hebrews 10:7)
4. He could not _____ need redemption. (Hebrews 4:15; 1 Peter 2:22-24)

C. God is Seen as the Kinsman Redeemer of _____.

1. Proverbs 23:11 – the fatherless and _____
2. Psalm 74:2; 106:10 – the _____ from Egypt
3. Isaiah 44:22; Micah 4:10 – from _____
4. Psalm 69:18 – _____ from his enemies
5. Psalm 103:4 – His _____ from sheol
6. Isaiah 43:1 – Israel in the _____
7. Job 19:25; Isaiah 52:3 – through the _____ of Christ

D. Jesus is the Kinsman Redeemer for _____ Person

1. Galatians 3:13 – from the _____
2. Colossians 1:14; 1 Peter 1:18; Rev. 5:9 – through His _____
3. Hebrews 9:12 – obtained _____ redemption for us